The Stone Age began when the first tools were made from stone and ended with the introduction of metal tools. A lot of significant advances in technology were achieved during this period of history, including the control of fire, metalwork, agriculture and the invention of the wheel.



Throughout the Stone Age to Iron Age farming was developed, at first they would hunt and eat anything and then as they moved through the time periods they learnt to plant and make weapons and this led them into farming.

Skara Brae - A stone-built Neolithic settlement, located on the Bay of Skaill in the Orkney archipelago of Scotland (UK). It is the most complete Neolithic village in the whole of Europe.



People lived in tribes and they were often at war with each other. Because of all of the wars, Iron Age people began to protect themselves by settling in hillforts, which were groups of round houses and farming land protected by stone walls.

Conflict



Travel and exploration

The eras are marked by tools that began to develop as they moved from Paleolithic (or Old Stone Age), Mesolithic (or Middle Stone Age), and Neolithic (or New Stone Age). The people developed from living in caves to living in settlements.



Location



Vocabulary:

BC (Before

migration

Christ)

Historical vocabulary:

	AD (anno domini)	Used to show the year after Jesus was born
	archaeologist	A person who learns about the past by digging up artefacts and studying them
	circa	Latin meaning 'around'. C 4,000 BC means around 4,000 BC.
	chronology	The arrangement of dates or events

Topic related vocabulary:

agriculture	The practise of farming and growin
	crops
Hunter-	The term for a person who gets their
gatherer	food by hunting animals and gather-
	ing plants
hillforts	Settlements built on hills so that
	they provided more protection
tribes	A group of people who live together
	for more protection





C 800,000 BC- 10, 500 BC: Paleolithic Stone Age.

C 4,000 BC-2,500 BC: **Neolithic** Stone Age

C 800 BC: The Iron Age begins

C 55—54 BC: Julius Caesar first invades Britain

in the order in which they occurred.

Jesus. The bigger the number BC, the

A way of dating the years before

The movement from one place to

longer ago in history it was

another in order to settle

C 10,500 BC-4,000 BC: Mesolithic Stone Age.

C 2,300 BC: The Bronze Age begins when the Beaker people began

C. 120 BC: Coins are introduced in Britain from Europe C AD 43: The Romans conquer Britain